

Legislative Update

The Vermont Academic Detailing Program

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Definition

 Academic Detailing (AD) is evidence-based prescriber education and support, typically delivered in the prescriber's office with a goal of promoting effective prescribing

Background

- Prescribers are deluged with marketing messages from the pharmaceutical industry both directly and indirectly through direct-to-consumer advertising
- Academic detailing balances those marketing messages with unbiased information supported by medical research
- The effectiveness of AD is supported by a body of research

Vermont AD Program Overview

- Offered by the University of Vermont's Office of Primary Care with funding from public and private sources, including the State of Vermont.
- The program receives no funding from the pharmaceutical industry and none of the academic detailers have conflicts of interest with the pharmaceutical industry
- Longest running university-based AD program in the country; in operation since 1999
- Targeted primarily at primary care practices
- Has an interprofessional focus across medicine, nursing, pharmacy, complementary and alternative medicine, and other disciplines
- Broad representation through a board of advisors
- Collaboration with other states and countries regarding content development and training new detailers from around the country

The goal of the VT Academic Detailing program is to improve the health of Vermonters through the adoption of evidence-based and best-practice non-pharmacologic and pharmacologic treatments by Vermont's health care providers

Recent VTAD topics

Diabetes, Low Back Pain, Migraine, Atypical antipsychotics, Insomnia, ADHD, Discontinuing Meds, Anticoagulation and Atrial Fibrillation

Outcomes

- For SFY16, over 125 Academic Detailing sessions will be delivered around the state
- Participants are 60% physicians, 27% NPs, and 13% PAs
- Very highly rated by participants regarding relevance, quality, satisfaction, and impact on practice
- Ninety-four percent of participants feel the educational sessions change their prescribing practices
- Measurable impact on prescribing
 - Analysis is currently underway using data from electronic medical records and using Vermont's all payer claims dataset when available.

New initiatives

Fluoride varnish in primary care practices

Quality Improvement work offered through the UVM Office of Primary Care

- Opioid prescribing and public health approaches to prescription drug abuse (2011-present)
 - See Opioid Prescriptions Management Toolkits
- Pharmacist in the Blueprint Project (2012-2014)
 - See Practical Strategies for Pharmacist Integration with Primary Care Workbook

Potential for expansion

- Broaden audience to include specialists
- Increase staffing to cover more topic areas
- Expand on Quality Improvement programming